This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

- 1. 31. (Cancelled)
- 32. (Previously presented) A method comprising:

providing a substrate; and

providing a first strained layer disposed above the substrate, the first strained layer having an average surface roughness of no more than approximately 2 nm,

wherein the first strained layer is compressively strained.

- 33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the substrate comprises Si.
- 34. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the first strained layer comprises Ge.
- 35. 36. (Cancelled)
- 37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the first strained layer has a surface roughness of less than approximately 0.77 nm.
- 38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, further comprising providing an insulator layer disposed beneath the first strained layer.
- 39. (Currently amended) A method comprising:

providing a substrate;

providing an insulator layer over the substrate;

providing a first strained layer disposed above the substrate and the insulator layer, the first strained layer having an average surface roughness of no more than approximately 2 nm, wherein the insulator layer comprises SiO₂ and the first strained layer consists essentially of Si.

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40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 38, wherein the step of providing an insulator layer comprises wafer bonding.

- 41. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, further comprising providing a relaxed layer disposed beneath the strained layer.
- 42. (Previously presented) The method of claim 41, wherein the relaxed layer has an average surface roughness of less than approximately 2 nm.
- 43. (Previously presented) The method of claim 42, further comprising planarizing the relaxed layer to reduce surface roughness.
- 44. (Previously presented) The method of claim 41, wherein the step of providing a relaxed layer comprises epitaxial growth.
- 45. (Previously presented) The method of claim 41, wherein the step of providing a relaxed layer comprises wafer bonding.
- 46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 41, wherein the relaxed layer comprises SiGe.
- 47. (Previously presented) The method of claim 46, wherein the substrate comprises a graded-composition SiGe layer.
- 48. (Previously presented) The method of claim 46, wherein the relaxed layer has an average surface roughness of less than approximately 0.77 nm.
- 49. (Previously presented) The method of claim 46, further comprising providing a regrown SiGe layer on the relaxed layer.
- 50. (Previously presented) The method of claim 49, wherein the regrown layer has a thickness of less than approximately 2 μ m.
- 51. (Previously presented) The method of claim 49, wherein the regrown layer has a thickness of less than approximately $0.5 \mu m$.

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52. (Previously presented) The method of claim 49, wherein the regrown layer is substantially lattice-matched to the relaxed layer.

- 53. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, further comprising providing a second strained layer disposed above the first strained layer.
- 54. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, further comprising providing a spacer layer disposed above the first strained layer.
- 55. (Previously presented) The method of claim 54, wherein the spacer layer has a thickness of less than approximately 5 nm.
- 56. (Previously presented) The method of claim 54, wherein the first strained layer comprises Ge and the spacer layer consists essentially of Si.
- 57. (Previously presented) The method of claim 54, further comprising providing a second strained layer disposed above the spacer layer.
- 58. (Previously presented) The method of claim 57, further comprising providing a gate stack disposed above the second strained layer.
- 59. (Previously presented) The method of claim 54, wherein the spacer layer comprises Ge.
- 60. (Previously presented) The method of claim 54, further comprising providing a gate stack disposed above the spacer layer.
- 61. (Previously presented) The method of claim 60, further comprising providing supply layer dopants located in the spacer layer.
- 62. (Previously presented) The method of claim 61, wherein the supply layer dopants are provided by implantation.
- 63. (Previously presented) The method of claim 60, further comprising providing supply layer dopants located below the strained layer.

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- 64. (Previously presented) The method of claim 63, wherein the supply layer dopants are provided by implantation.
- 65. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the first strained layer has an average surface roughness of less than approximately 0.77 nm.
- 66. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, further comprising providing a gate stack disposed above the first strained layer.
- 67. 69. (Cancelled)
- 70. (Previously presented) The method of claim 66, further comprising providing metal silicide regions.
- 71. (Previously presented) A method comprising:

providing a substrate;

providing a first strained layer disposed above the substrate, the first strained layer having an average surface roughness of no more than approximately 2 nm;

providing a gate stack disposed above the first strained layer; and providing metal silicide regions, wherein the metal silicide regions comprise alloyed metal-SiGe.

72. (Previously presented) A method comprising:

providing a substrate;

providing a first strained layer disposed above the substrate, the first strained layer having an average surface roughness of no more than approximately 2 nm;

providing a gate stack disposed above the first strained layer; and providing metal silicide regions, wherein the metal is selected from the group consisting of: Ti, Co, and Ni.

73. (Previously presented) A method comprising:

providing a substrate;

providing a first strained layer disposed above the substrate, the first strained layer having an average surface roughness of no more than approximately 2 nm;

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providing a gate stack disposed above the first strained layer; and providing metal silicide regions,

wherein the step of providing metal silicide regions comprises deposition followed by annealing.

74. (Previously presented) A method comprising:

providing a substrate;

providing a first strained layer disposed above the substrate, the first strained layer having an average surface roughness of no more than approximately 2 nm;

providing a gate stack disposed above the first strained layer;

providing metal silicide regions; and

providing source and drain contact areas.

- 75. (Previously presented) The method of claim 74, further comprising providing an additional SiGe or Ge layer in the source and drain contact areas prior to providing metal silicide regions.
- 76. (Previously presented) The method of claim 75, further comprising providing an additional Si layer above the SiGe or Ge layer prior to providing metal silicide regions.
- 77. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the step of providing the strained layer comprises epitaxial growth.
- 78. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the step of providing the strained layer comprises wafer bonding.
- 79. (Previously presented) The method of claim 65, further comprising providing a gate stack disposed above the first strained layer.
- 80. (Previously presented) A method comprising:

providing a substrate;

providing a first strained layer disposed above the substrate, the first strained layer having an average surface roughness of no more than approximately 2 nm.

providing a gate stack disposed above the first strained layer; and

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providing metal silicide regions,

wherein the first strained layer has an average surface roughness of less than approximately 0.77 nm.

- 81. (Previously presented) The method of claim 80, wherein the metal silicide regions comprise alloyed metal-SiGe.
- 82. (Previously presented) The method of claim 80, wherein the metal comprises Ni.
- 83. (Previously presented) The method of claim 80, further comprising providing source and drain contact areas.
- 84. (Previously presented) The method of claim 83, further comprising providing an additional SiGe or Ge layer in the source and drain contact areas prior to providing metal silicide regions.
- 85. (Previously presented) The method of claim 65, further comprising providing a relaxed layer disposed beneath the strained layer.
- 86. (Previously presented) The method of claim 85, wherein the relaxed layer comprises SiGe.
- 87. (Previously presented) The method of claim 80, wherein the first strained layer is tensilely strained.
- 88. (Previously presented) The method of claim 80, wherein the first strained layer is compressively strained.
- 89. (Previously presented) The method of claim 39, wherein the step of providing an insulator layer comprises wafer bonding.
- 90. (New) The method of claim 39, wherein the first strained layer is disposed in contact with a layer of SiGe disposed over and in contact with the insulator layer.